

Modernization of historical constructions for the New Silesian Museum construction



TITAN POLSKA

TITAN POLSKA Sp. z o.o. 30-349 Kraków, Miłkowskiego 3/801 Tel. 0 12 255 59 00 Fax. 0 12 255 59 07 www.titan.com.pl biuro@titan.com.pl

Presentation plan

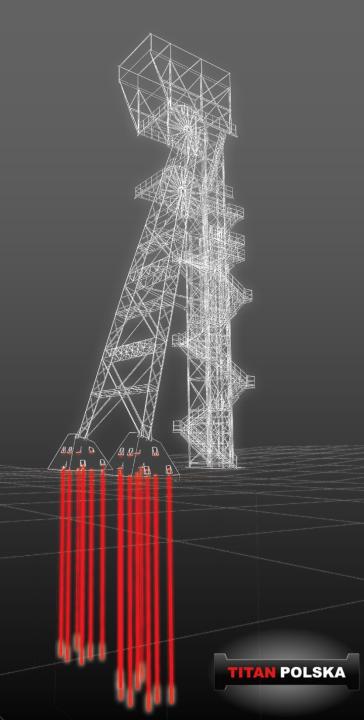
General information

Design problems

Geotechnical conditions

MS-8 building part of the project

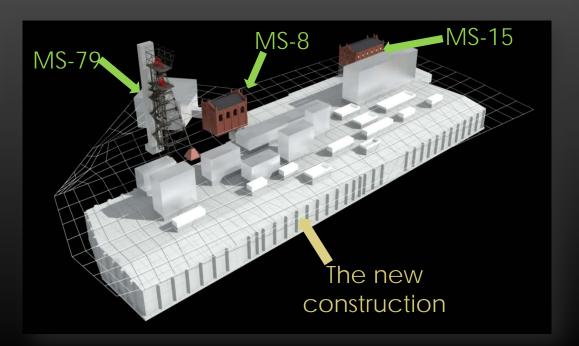
Summary



General information



- Situated on the site of former Katowice coal-mine
- The modern new construction located below the ground level (up to 16m in depth)
- Substantial renovation of the old postindustrial 19th and the early 20th century buildings including creating the new underground floor

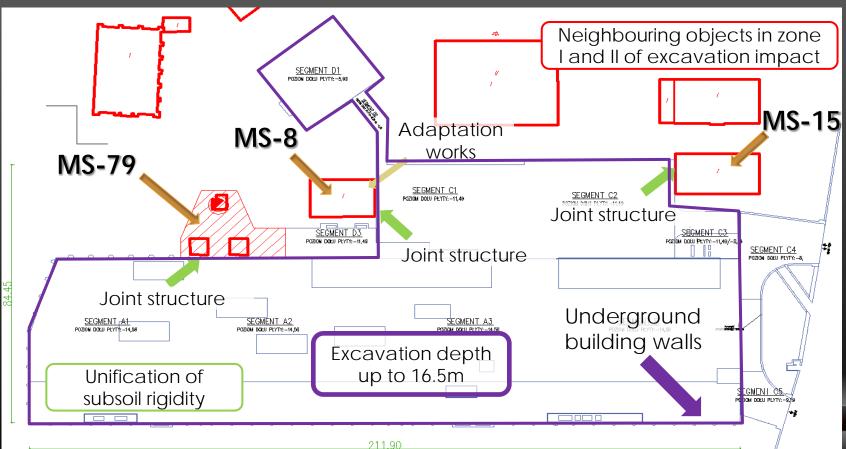






Design challenges

- Support of the deep excavation walls (permanent and temporary)
- Stabilization of the mass movement area
- Preservation of historic buildings located by the edge of the excavation
- Designing the geotechnical support for adaptation works in MS-8
- Strengthening the foundation of old shaft hoisting tower MS-79 and MS-15
- Additional constraints: highly tight schedule and logistical problems

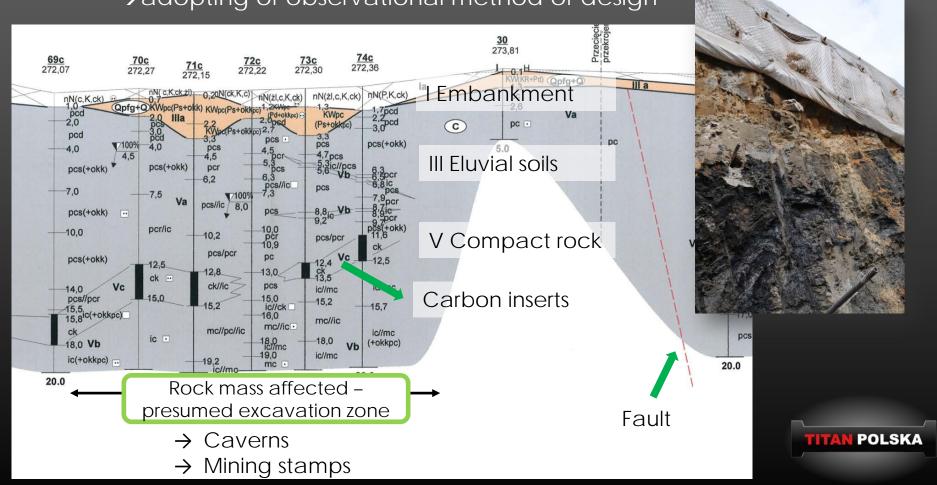


POLSKA

Geotechnical and hydrogeological conditions

- Quaternary formations (anthropogenic and glaciofluvial) and carboniferous (weathered mudstone and sandstone with carbon interbeddings)
- No contignous water level, seepage and subsurface water
- Tectonic disorders (faults and minor quasi-continous disturbances)

Post-mine cavities, cracks, loosened zones, old stamps
adopting of observational method of design

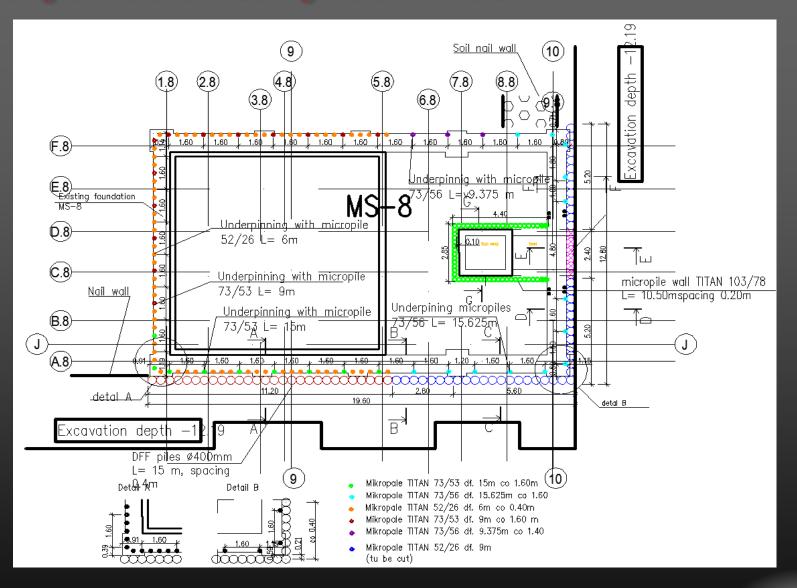


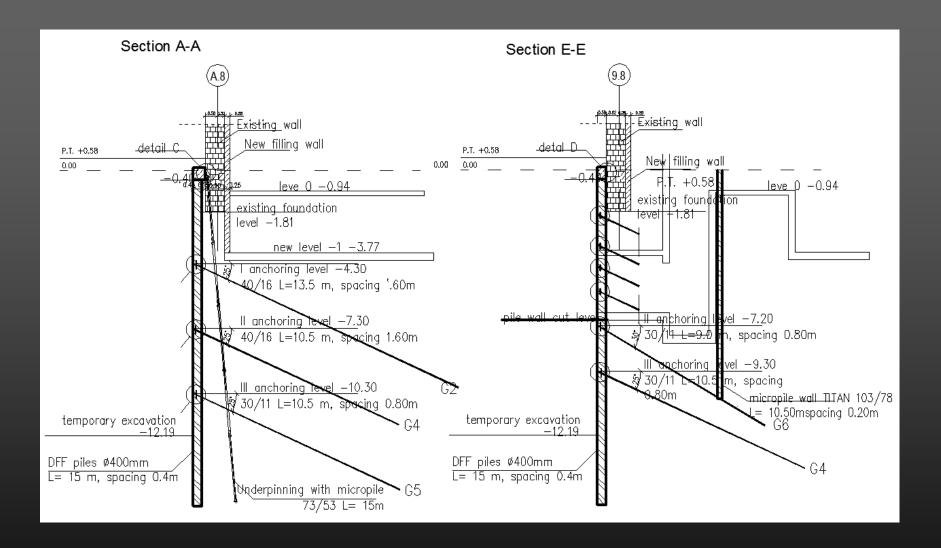
- Reducing the influence of the excavation on the sensitive structure
- Supporting the existing structure for the adaptation including creating of a new underground floor and a tunnel below the construction
- Stabilization of the deep excavation directly next to the existing buildings
- Micropile technology suitable for the ground conditions



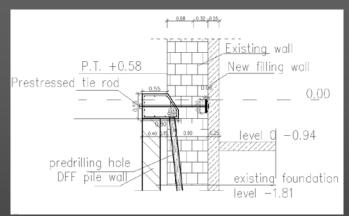


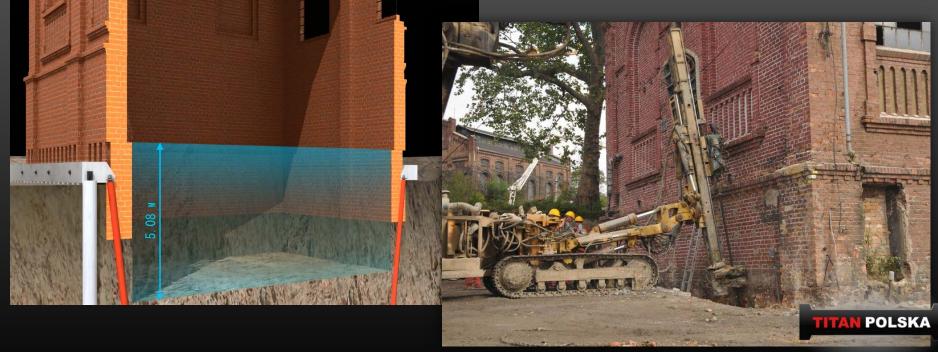






- → Underpinning of the walls with micropiles 73/53 and 73/56 L=15m to reduce the settlements
- → Underpinning of the original walls with micropiles 73/53 L=15m and 52/26 L=9m (as filling micropiles) to enable excavation inside the building at one step
- → Connected to the upper structure with concrete beam braced with prestressed tie rods







→ Installation of micropile as a temporary retaining wall of 9m depth trench for the elevator shaft and the tunnel

→ Micropile wall used as a sacrificial scaffolding

→ TITAN 103/78 micropiles L=10.5m



→ External excavation stabilized with DFF pile wall in conjunction with anchor piles:

→ Excavation depth up to 13m

→ Piles L=15m

→ TITAN anchors length up to 13.5m, spacing each 2 or 4 piles

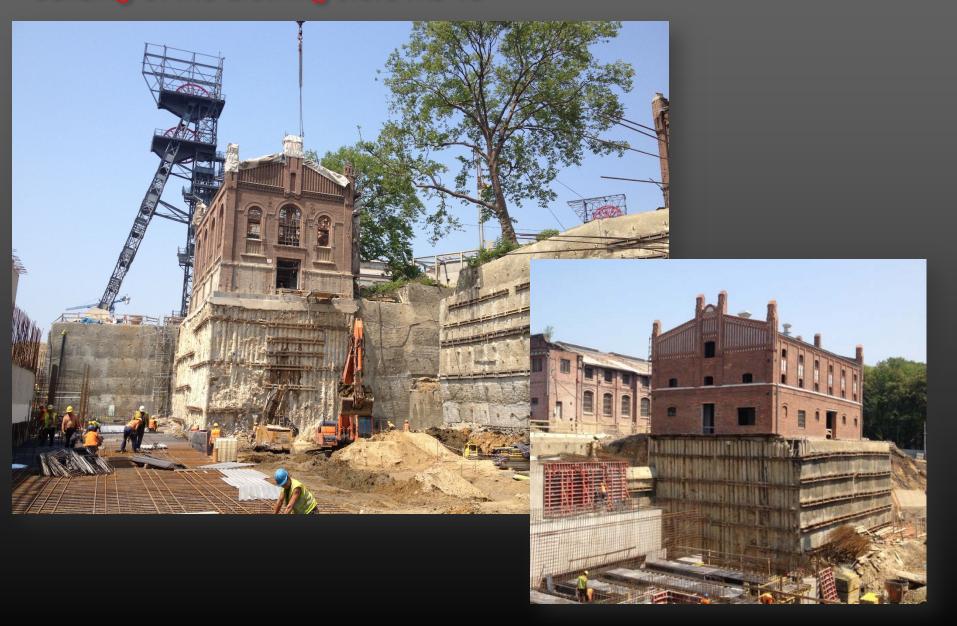




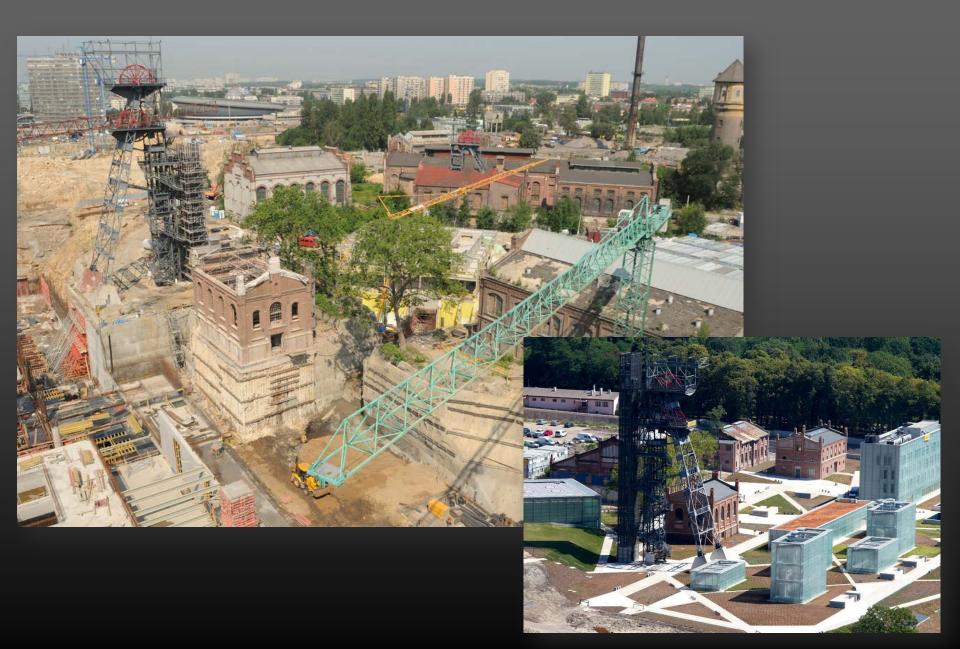




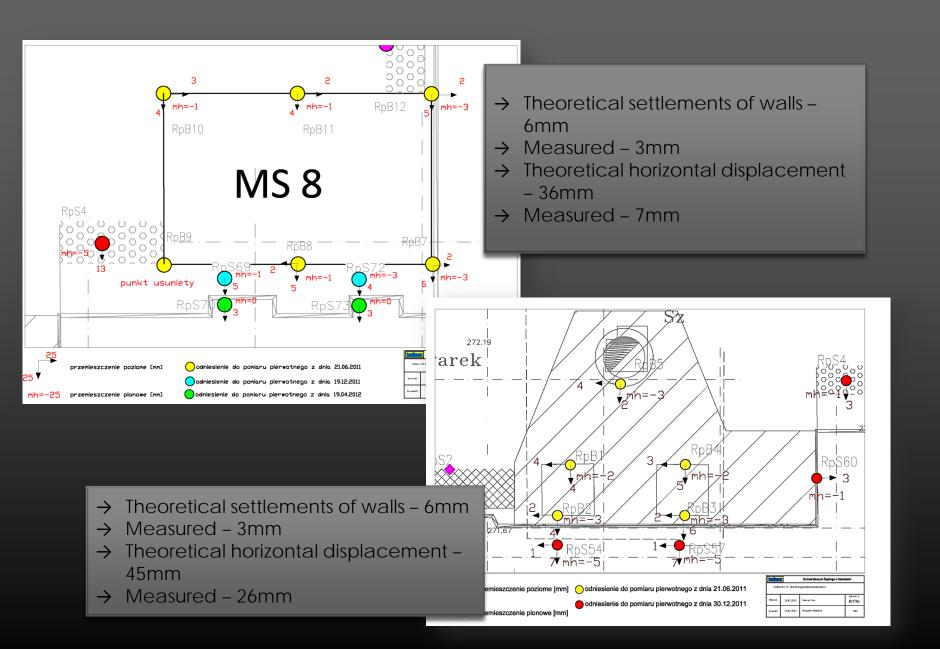
Building of the shaft hoisting machine MS-8 and the tower MS-79 Buliding of the clothing store MS-15



General view on the construction site



Multi-factor monitoring system



Summary

- → The demanding project successfully completed
- → Works lasted 12 months
- → Self-drilling injection micropiles in total length of 1,400 running meters were used for underpinning the renovated historical buildings nearly 15,000 running meters of TITAN 30/11 and 40/16 soil nails were installed.
- → Over the 9,000 m of self-drilling injection micropiles were used as the retaining walls and the stabilization system of anchored micropile barriers in the area of dynamically active rock mass.
- → Over 15,000 m of soil nails installed
- → Over 3,800 m of anchors for pile walls
- → Close cooperation of the geotechnical engineers, the designer and the contractor was the key to the success.

